

Solomon Practice Paper

Pure Mathematics 3K

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre: www.CasperYC.club

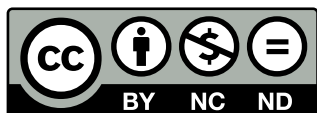
Name:

Teacher:

Question	Points	Score
1	7	
2	8	
3	10	
4	12	
5	12	
6	12	
7	14	
Total:	75	

How I can achieve better:

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Last updated: July 14, 2025



1.

$$f(x) \equiv 3x^3 + ax^2 + 8x + b.$$

Given that when $f(x)$ is divided by $(3x - 1)$ the remainder is 1,

(a) show that $a + 9b + 16 = 0$.

[3]

Given also that when $f(x)$ is divided by $(x - 2)$ the remainder is 11,

(b) find the values of a and b .

[4]

Total: 7



2. (a) Find

[3]

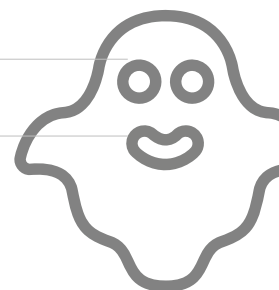
$$\int \sin^2(y) \, dy.$$

(b) Given that $y = \frac{\pi}{4}$ when $x = 0$, solve the differential equation

[5]

$$e^{4x} \frac{dy}{dx} = \csc^2(y).$$

Total: 8



$$xy - x^2 + 2y^2 = 36.$$

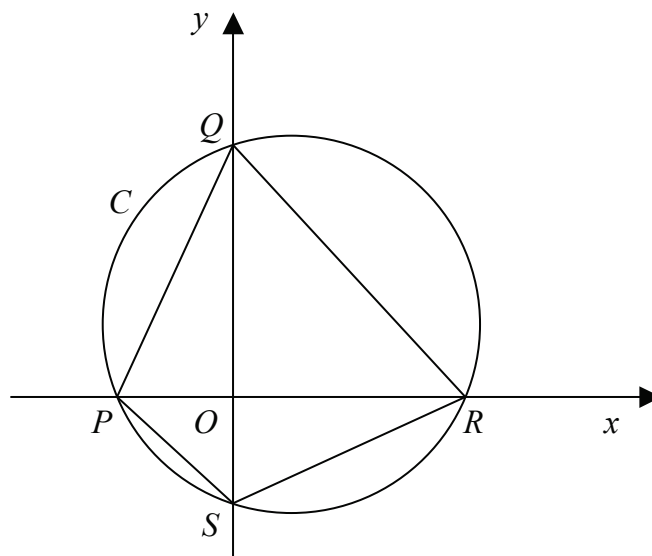
- (b) Find the gradient of the curve at the point with coordinates $(4\sqrt{2}, 6 - \sqrt{2})$. [2]

(c) Show that one of these has coordinates $(2, 4)$ and find the coordinates of the other. [5]

Total: 10



4. Figure shows the circle C with centre $(4, 5)$ and radius 13.



C meets the x -axis at the points P and R , and the y -axis at the points Q and S .

- (a) Write down an equation for C . [2]
- (b) Show that $QS = 6\sqrt{17}$. [5]
- (c) Find the area of quadrilateral $PQRS$. [5]

Total: 12



5.

$$f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 15x + 15}{(x-1)^2(x-3)}.$$

(a) Find the values of A , B and C for which

[4]

$$f(x) \equiv \frac{A}{(x-1)^2} + \frac{B}{x-1} + \frac{C}{x-3}.$$

The point P lies on the curve $y = f(x)$ and has coordinates $\left(\frac{3}{2}, p\right)$.

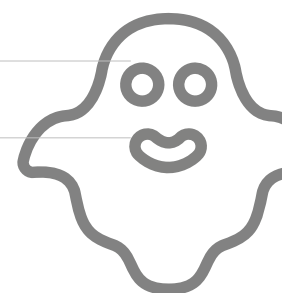
(b) Find the value of p .

[2]

(c) Show that the tangent to the curve at P has the equation $8x + 3y - 36 = 0$.

[6]

Total: 12

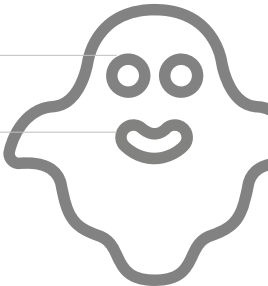


6. Algae is growing in on the surface of a large stagnant pond. A botanist records the area, A m, of the algae at the same time each day. She believes that t days after she began keeping records the area of the algae is given by

$$A = 3 \times 1.2^t.$$

- (a) Find the area of algae on the surface of the pond when the botanist began keeping records. [2]
- (b) Show that one week later the area of the algae is growing at the rate of 1.96 m^2 per day, correct to 3 significant figures. [4]
- (c) Prove that according to the botanist’s model the time taken for the area of algae to double is constant and find how long this takes correct to the nearest day. [6]

Total: 12



- (a) Find, in the form $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{a} + \lambda\mathbf{b}$, an equation of the line l_1 which passes through P and Q . [3]

$$\mathbf{r} = 7\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k} + \mu(\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}),$$

(b) Show that l_1 and l_2 intersect and find the coordinates of their point of intersection, R . [4]

- (c) Show that $\angle ORQ = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$. [5]

- (d) Find the area of triangle OQR . [2]

Total: 14

