

# Solomon Practice Paper

## Pure Mathematics 1H

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre: [www.CasperYC.club](http://www.CasperYC.club)

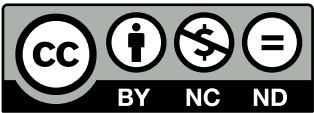
Name:

Teacher:

| Question | Points | Score |
|----------|--------|-------|
| 1        | 6      |       |
| 2        | 6      |       |
| 3        | 8      |       |
| 4        | 9      |       |
| 5        | 9      |       |
| 6        | 10     |       |
| 7        | 12     |       |
| 8        | 15     |       |
| Total:   | 75     |       |

How I can achieve better:

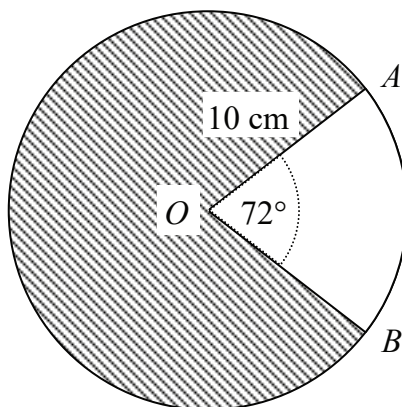
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Last updated: July 14, 2025



1. Figure shows a circle, centre  $O$ , of radius 10 cm.

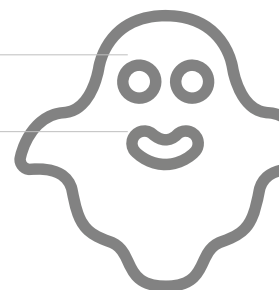


Points  $A$  and  $B$  are on the circumference of the circle and the acute angle  $AOB$  is  $72^\circ$ .

Giving your answers in terms of  $\pi$ , calculate

- (a) the perimeter of the unshaded minor sector, [3]
- (b) the area of the shaded major sector. [3]

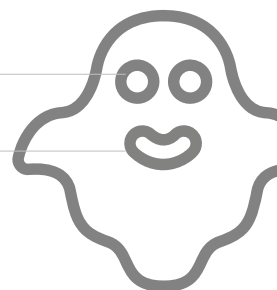
Total: 6



[6]

$$x(x^2 - A) \left( x - \frac{2}{x} \right) \equiv (x^2 + B)^2$$

Find the value of the constants  $A$  and  $B$ .

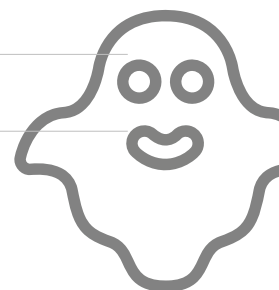


(a) Find the coordinates of the points  $P$  and  $Q$ . [3]

Given that  $P$  and  $Q$  are diagonally opposite corners of a square,

(c) find an equation of the line that passes through the other two corners of the square. [4]

Total: 8



4. (a) Solve the equation [3]

$$3x - \frac{2}{x} = 5.$$

(b) Hence find the values of  $\theta$  in the interval  $-180^\circ \leq \theta \leq 180^\circ$  for which [6]

$$3 \tan(\theta) - \frac{2}{\tan(\theta)} = 5.$$

Give your answers correct to 1 decimal place.

Total: 9



5.

$$f(x) \equiv 2x^2 + 4px + q.$$

Given that the curve  $y = f(x)$  does not intersect the  $x$ -axis,

(a) prove that  $2p^2 - q < 0$ .

[3]

Given also that the curve  $y = f(x)$  passes through the point  $(2, 18)$ ,

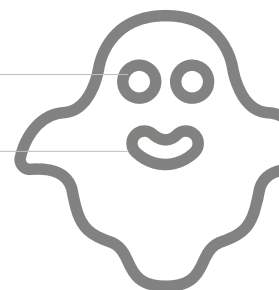
(b) find an expression for  $q$  in terms of  $p$ .

[2]

(c) Using your answers to parts (a) and (b), find the set of possible values of  $p$ .

[4]

Total: 9



(a) Evaluate  $S_3$  and  $S_4$ . [3]

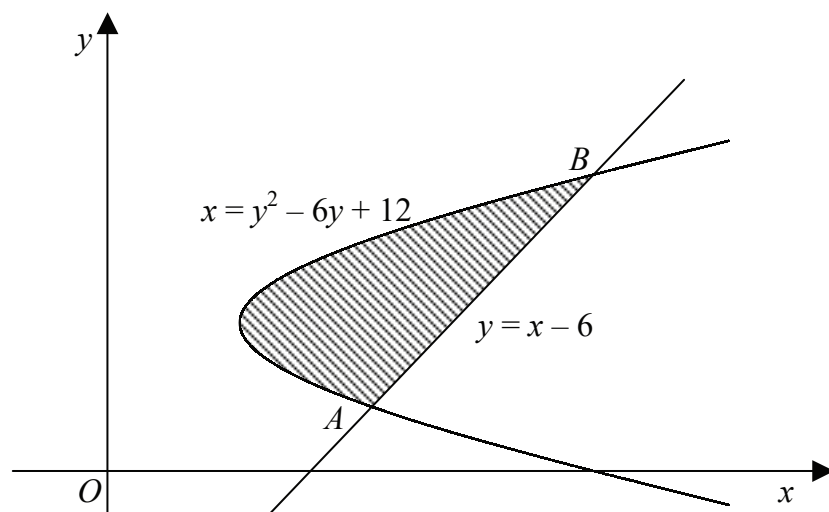
(c) Show that the sum of the first  $(n - 1)$  terms is given by  $S_{n-1} = 5n^2 - 8n + 3$ . [3]

(d) Hence, or otherwise find an expression for the  $n$ th term of the sequence in terms of  $n$ . [3]

Total: 10



7. Figure shows the curve  $x = y^2 - 6y + 12$  and the line  $y = x - 6$ .



The line and the curve intersect at the points  $A$  and  $B$ .

(a) Find the coordinates of the points  $A$  and  $B$ .

[7]

(b) Hence show that the area of the shaded region enclosed by the curve and the line is  $\frac{125}{6}$ .

[5]

Total: 12







8.

$$f(x) \equiv x^2 - 4\sqrt{x}, \quad x \geq 0.$$

- (a) Solve the equation  $f(x) = 0$ , giving your solutions to an appropriate degree of accuracy. [4]

The curve  $y = f(x)$  has a stationary point,  $P$ .

- (b) Find  $f'(x)$  and determine the coordinates of the point  $P$ . [5]  
(c) Find  $f''(x)$  and hence show that  $P$  is a minimum point of the curve. [3]  
(d) Sketch the curve  $y = f(x)$ , labelling  $P$  and the coordinates of any points where the curve crosses the coordinate axes. [3]

Total: 15



