

Solomon Practice Paper

Pure Mathematics 2C

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre: www.CasperYC.club

Name:

Teacher:

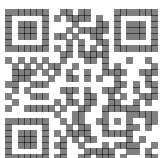
Question	Points	Score
1	6	
2	6	
3	6	
4	8	
5	10	
6	12	
7	13	
8	14	
Total:	75	

How I can achieve better:

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Last updated: *May 5, 2023*



4. The coefficient of x^2 in the expansion of $(1 + 3x)^n$ is 252.

Given that n is a positive integer,

(a) find the value of n ,

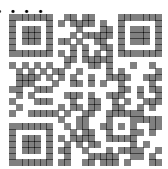
[5]

(b) show that the coefficient of x^3 is 1512.

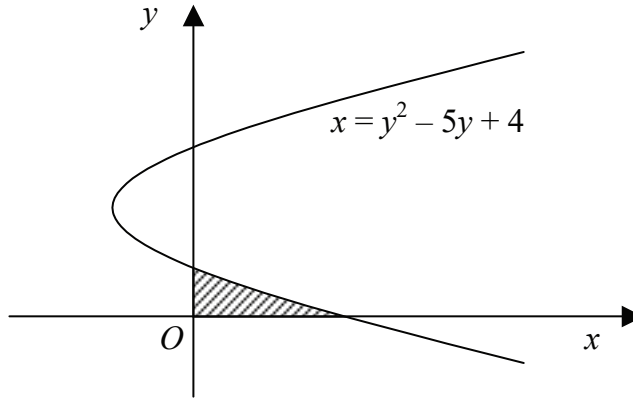
[3]

Total: 8

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5. Figure shows the curve $x = y^2 - 5y + 4$.



- (a) Express x^2 in descending powers of y . [3]
- (b) Find $\int x^2 dy$. [3]
- (c) Show that the volume generated when the shaded region, bounded by the curve and the positive coordinate axes, is rotated through 2π radians about the y -axis is $\frac{47\pi}{10}$. [4]

Total: 10

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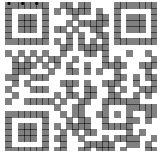
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6. The functions f and g are defined by

$$f: x \mapsto x^2 - 2, \quad x \in \mathbb{R},$$
$$g: x \mapsto e^{\frac{3}{2}x} \quad x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

- (a) State the range of g . [1]
- (b) Define fg as simply as possible. [3]
- (c) Find, correct to 2 decimal places, the value of x for which $fg(x) = 5$. [3]
- (d) Show that the only value of x for which $g(x) = fg(x)$ is $\frac{2}{3}\ln(2)$. [5]

Total: 12

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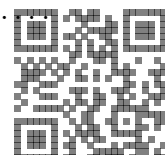
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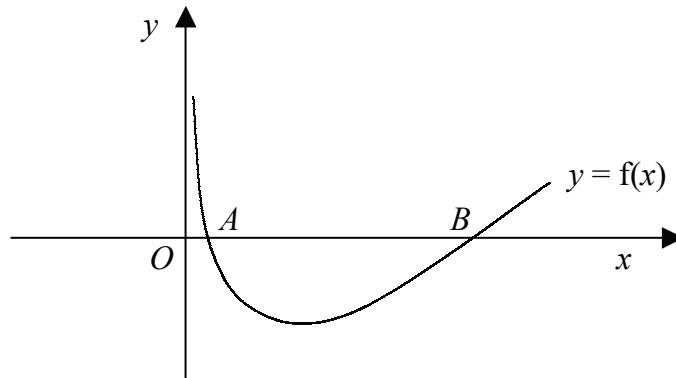
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8. Figure shows part of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$, where

$$f(x) \equiv x - 3 \ln(2x), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, \quad x > 0.$$



The curve crosses the x -axis at the points A and B .

- (a) Show that the x -coordinate of the point A lies in the interval $(0.6, 0.7)$. [2]
- (b) Find the value of N such that the x -coordinate of the point B lies in the interval $(N, N + 1)$. [4]

The line $y = x$ meets the curve at the point C .

- (c) Find the coordinates of the point C . [3]
- (d) Show that the equation of the tangent to the curve at C is $y = 3 - 5x$. [5]

Total: 14

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