

Solomon Practice Paper

Pure Mathematics 1E

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre: www.CasperYC.club

Name:

Teacher:

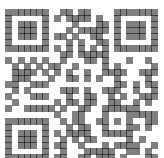
Question	Points	Score
1	5	
2	6	
3	7	
4	7	
5	9	
6	13	
7	13	
8	15	
Total:	75	

How I can achieve better:

-
-
-



Last updated: May 5, 2023

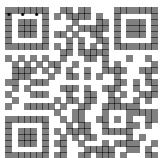


4. (a) Sketch the curve $y = 2 \sin(x/2) - 1$ for x in the interval $0 \leq x \leq 360^\circ$. [3]

(b) Find the values of x for which $y = 0$. [4]

Total: 7

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

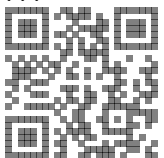
.....

.....

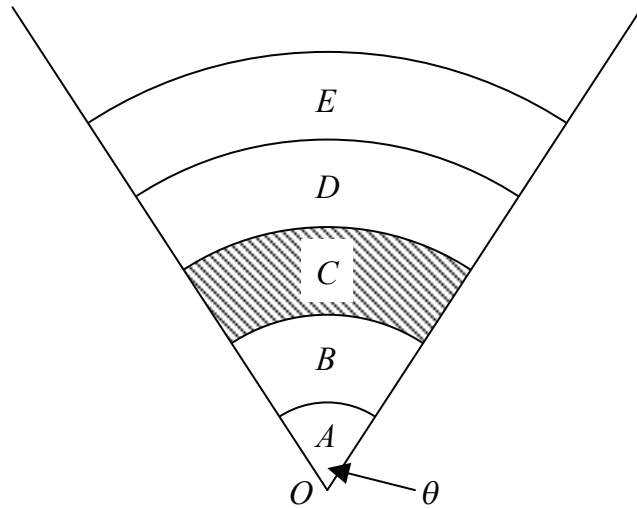
.....

.....

.....



6. Figure shows a grid used to help spectators estimate distances at an athletics meeting.



The grid consists of circular sectors, each with centre O and angle θ .

The radius of the smallest sector is 5 m and each of the other sectors has a radius 5 m more than the previous one.

- (a) Show that the perimeter, in metres, of the shaded region, C , is $25\theta + 10$. [3]
- (b) Show that the perimeters of the regions A, B, C, D and E , are the terms of an arithmetic series. [5]
- (c) Find the ratio of the area of the shaded region, C , to the area of the smallest sector, A , in the form $k : 1$. [5]

Total: 13

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

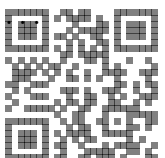
.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

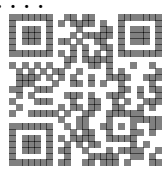
.....

.....

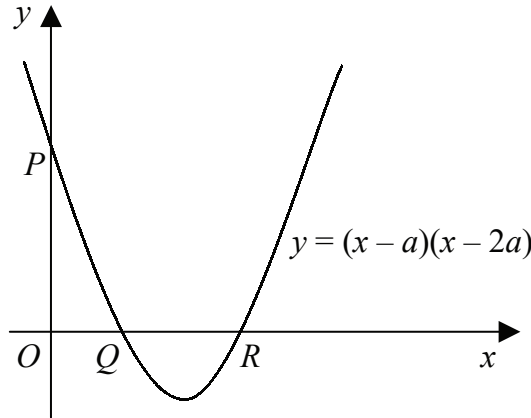
.....

.....

.....



7. Figure shows part the graph of $y = (x - a)(x - 2a)$ which intersects the coordinate axes at P, Q , and R .



(a) Write down the coordinates of the points P, Q and R in terms of a . [3]

Given that $a = 2$,

(b) show that the equation of the tangent to the curve at the point R is $y = 2x - 8$. [5]

The normal to the curve at R meets the curve again at S .

(c) Find the x -coordinate of S . [5]

Total: 13

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

