

Page 4	Mark Scheme Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2015	Syllabus 9709	Paper 53
---------------	--	--------------------------------	---------------------------

1	$V_v^2 = 18^2 - (25\cos 50)^2$ $V_v = 8.1095656..$ $8.1095656... = 25\sin 50 - gt$ $t = 1.1(0)\text{s}$	M1 A1 M1 A1	4	Finds vertical comp of velocity $v = u - gt$ vertically
2 (i)	$T\cos\theta = 0.2g$ $T \times \frac{0.4}{0.5} = 2$ $T = 2.5\text{ N}$	M1 A1	2	Weight = vertical comp of tension
(ii)	$2.5\sin\theta = \frac{0.2v^2}{r}$ $2.5 \times \frac{0.3}{0.5} = \frac{0.2v^2}{0.3}$ $v = 1.5\text{ ms}^{-1}$	M1 A1 A1	3	Horiz comp of tension and accn = v^2/r
3	$4V\cos\theta = 40\cos 30$ $4V\sin\theta - \frac{4^2 g}{2} = 40\sin 30$ $V^2 = (10\cos 30)^2 + 25^2$ or $\tan\theta = \frac{25}{10\cos 30}$ $V = 26.5$ $\theta = 70.9$	B1 B1 M1 A1 A1	5	
4 (i)	$4 = 10r$ $\theta = 53.1^\circ$	B1 B1	2	$v = \omega r$, $r < 0.5$ From $\sin\theta = 0.4/0.5$
(ii) (a)	$0.4g = 6\cos\theta$ $\theta = 48.2^\circ$	M1 A1	2	
(b)	$6\sin\theta = 0.4\omega^2 \times 0.5\sin\theta$ $\omega = 5.48 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$	M1 A1	3	Accn = $\omega^2 \times 0.5\sin\theta$ Using cv(48.2), allow any acute θ
5 (i)	$0.5v \frac{dv}{dx} = -0.5g - 0.02v^2$ $v \frac{dv}{dx} = -10 - 0.04v^2$	M1 A1	2	

Page 5	Mark Scheme Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2015	Syllabus 9709	Paper 53
---------------	--	--------------------------------	---------------------------

(ii)	$\int_x^0 \frac{v}{-10 - 0.04v^2} dv = \int_0^x dx$ $x = \left[-\ln(10 + 0.04v^2) / 0.08 \right]_8^0$ $x = 2.85$	M1 M1 A1	3	Separates the variables and attempts to integrate Uses limits or finds constant
(iii)	$v \frac{dv}{dx} = 10 - 0.04v^2$ $\int v \frac{dv}{10 - 0.04v^2} = \int_0^{2.85} dx$ $\ln[(10 - 0.04v^2)/10] / -0.08 = 2.85$ $v = 7.14 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	B1 M1 M1 A1	4	Integrates new acceleration Uses earlier answer as distance
6 (i)	$d \cos \theta = h / \cos \theta$ $\cos \theta = \frac{h}{\sqrt{(0.2^2 + h^2)}}$ $d = \frac{h}{(h^2 / (0.04 + h^2))}$ $d = h + \frac{0.04}{h}$	M1 M1 A1	3	θ = semi-vertical angle
(ii)	$0.6 \times 4 + 0.9W = d(4 + W)$ $d = 0.8 + \frac{0.2^2}{0.8}$ $2.4 + 0.9W = 0.85(4 + W)$ $0.05W = 1$ $W = 20$	M1 A1 B1 M1 A1 A1	6	Table of moments idea 0.85

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2015	9709	53

7 (i)	$Mg = \frac{12.5e}{0.8}$ $e = 0.64M$	AG	M1 A1	2	Uses $T = \lambda e/l$
(ii)	$Mg(0.8 + e) =$ $\frac{M \times 44^2}{2} + \frac{12.5e^2}{(2 \times 0.8)}$ $10M(0.8 + 0.64M) =$ $9.68M + \frac{12.5(0.64M)^2}{1.6}$ $8+6.4M = 9.68 + 3.2M$ $M = 0.525$		M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1		PE/KE/EE conservation $8M+6.4M^2= 9.68M+3.2M^2$ Attempt to solve equation in M
(iii)	$0.525gd = \frac{12.5(d - 0.8)^2}{(2 \times 0.8)}$ $0.672d = d^2 - 1.6d + 0.64$ $d = 1.94$		M1 M1 A1	3	PE/EE balance