

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname					Other names				
Centre Number					Candidate Number				
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**Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE**

**Monday 15 May 2023**

Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 40 minutes) **Paper reference** **8FM0/01**

**Further Mathematics**

**Advanced Subsidiary**

**PAPER 1: Core Pure Mathematics**

**You must have:**  
Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Green), calculator

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator allowed by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.**

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

### Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 10 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

























5.

In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

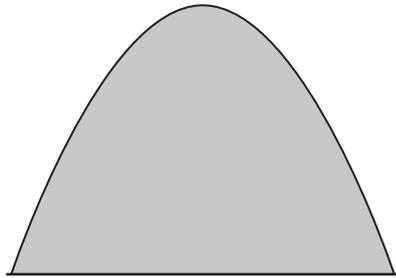


Figure 1

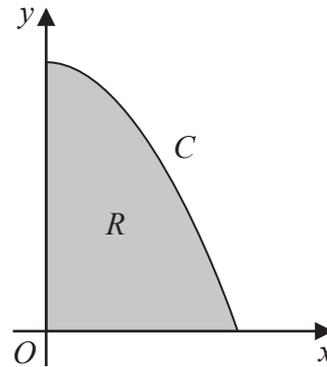


Figure 2

A large pile of concrete waste is created on a building site.

Figure 1 shows a central vertical cross-section of the concrete waste.

The curve  $C$ , shown in Figure 2, has equation

$$y + x^2 = 2 \quad 0 \leq x \leq \sqrt{2}$$

The region  $R$ , shown shaded in Figure 2, is bounded by the  $y$ -axis, the  $x$ -axis and the curve  $C$ .

The volume of concrete waste is modelled by the volume of revolution formed when  $R$  is rotated through  $360^\circ$  about the  $y$ -axis. The units are metres.

The density of the concrete waste is  $900 \text{ kgm}^{-3}$

(a) Use the model to estimate the mass of the concrete waste. Give your answer to 2 significant figures.

(6)

(b) Give a limitation of the model.

(1)

The mass of the concrete waste is approximately 5500 kg.

(c) Use this information and your answer to part (a) to evaluate the model, giving a reason for your answer.

(1)

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