



1.

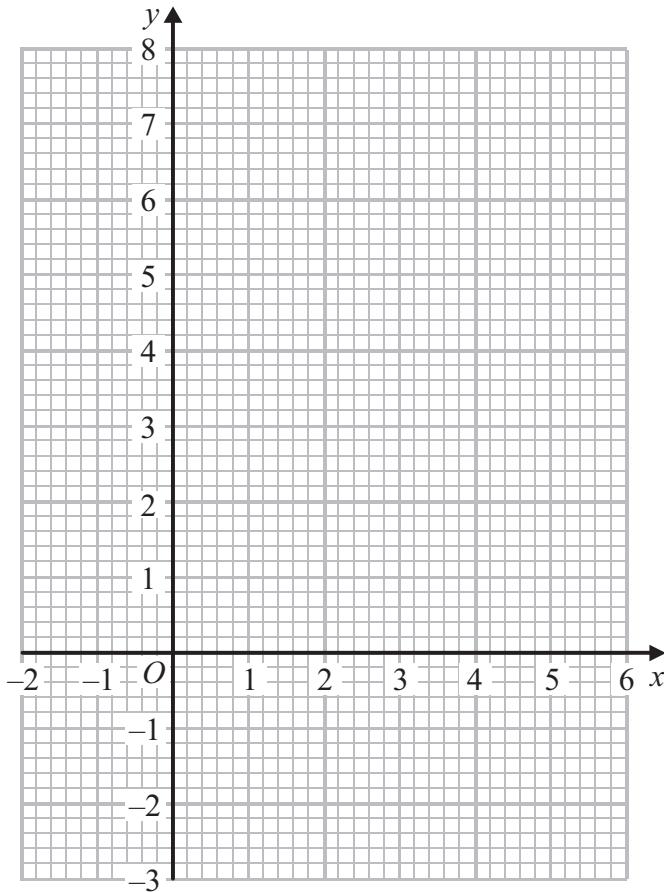
[4 marks]

- (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^2 - 4x + 2$

x	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
y		2		-2	-1		

(2)

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x^2 - 4x + 2$ for all values of x from -1 to 5



(2)

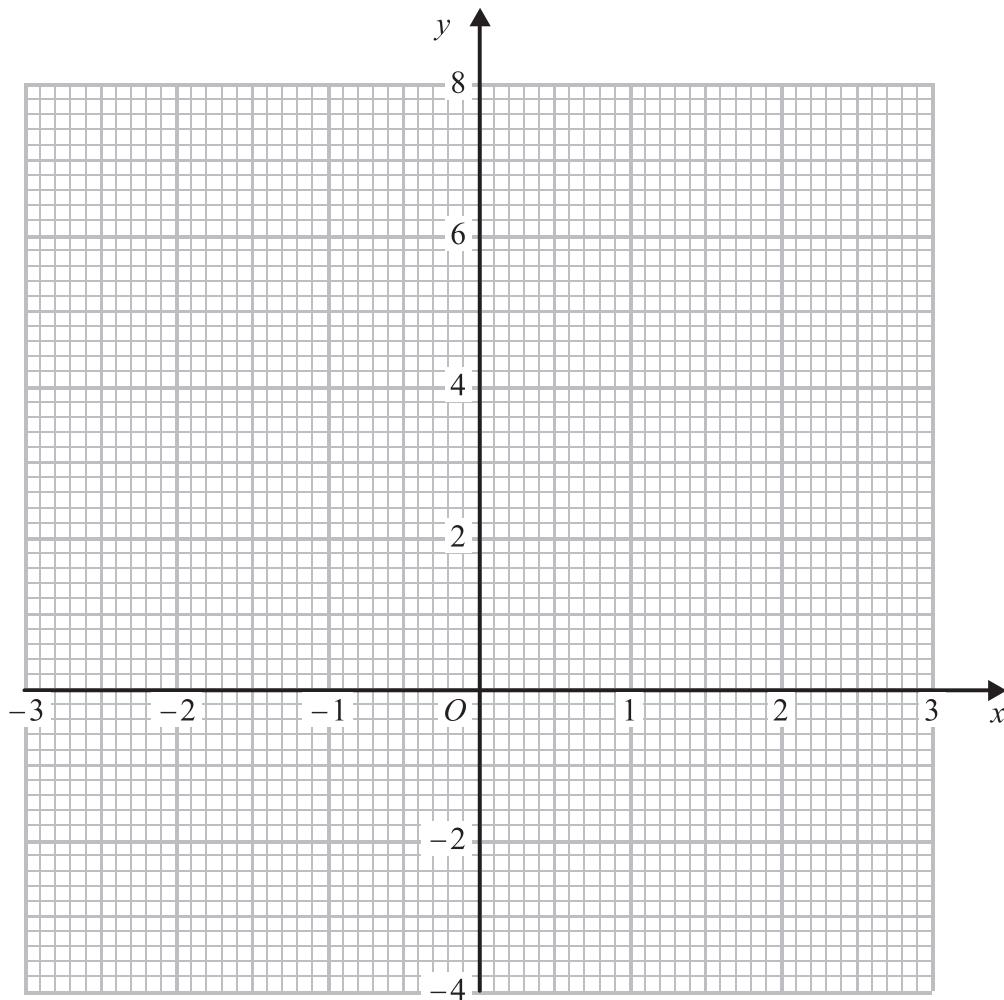


(a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^2 - 2$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y			-1				

(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x^2 - 2$



(2)



For $y = x^3 - 6x^2 + 20$

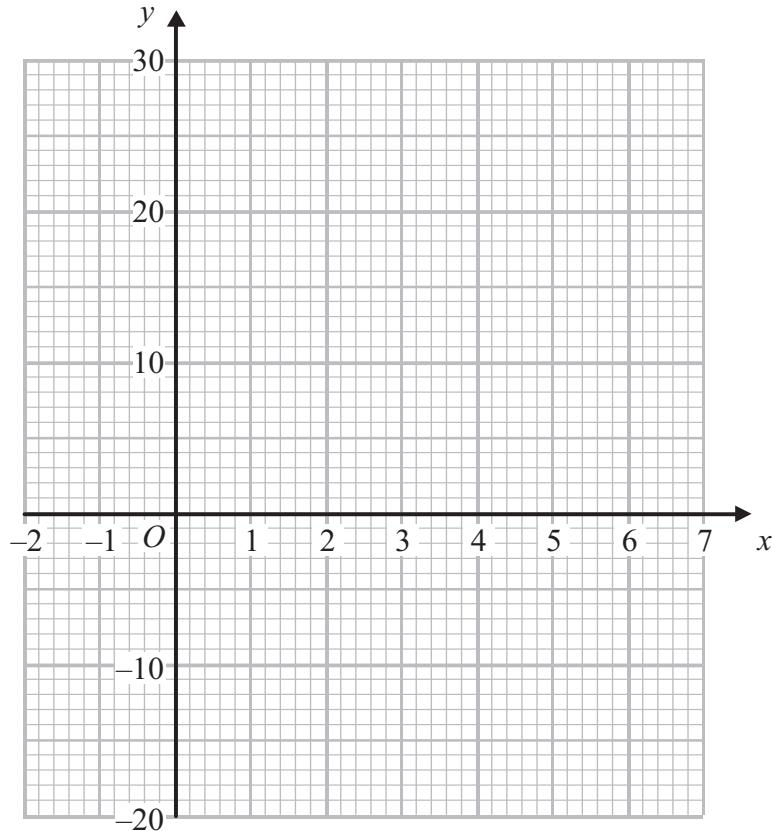
(a) (i) show that $y = 4$ when $x = 2$

(ii) complete the table of values

x	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
y		20	15		-7	-12		20

(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x^3 - 6x^2 + 20$ for values of x from -1 to 6



(2)

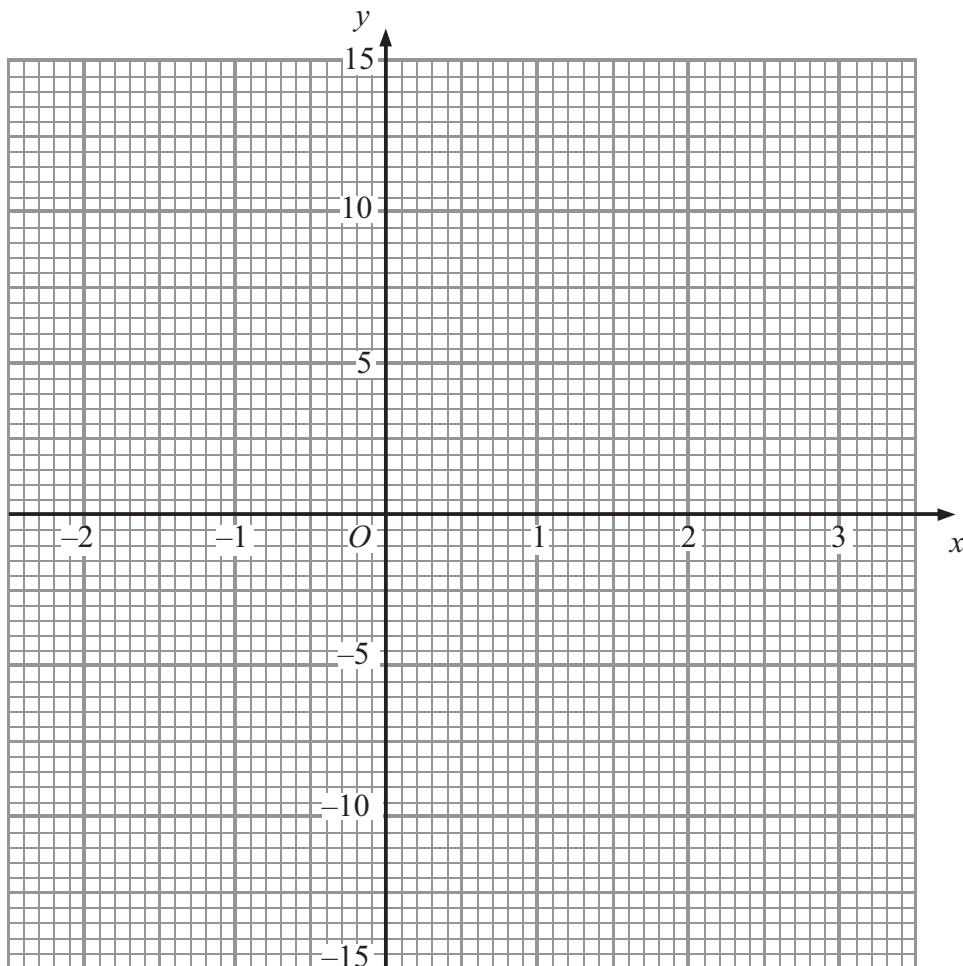


- (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 12$

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y		8				

(2)

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 12$



(2)

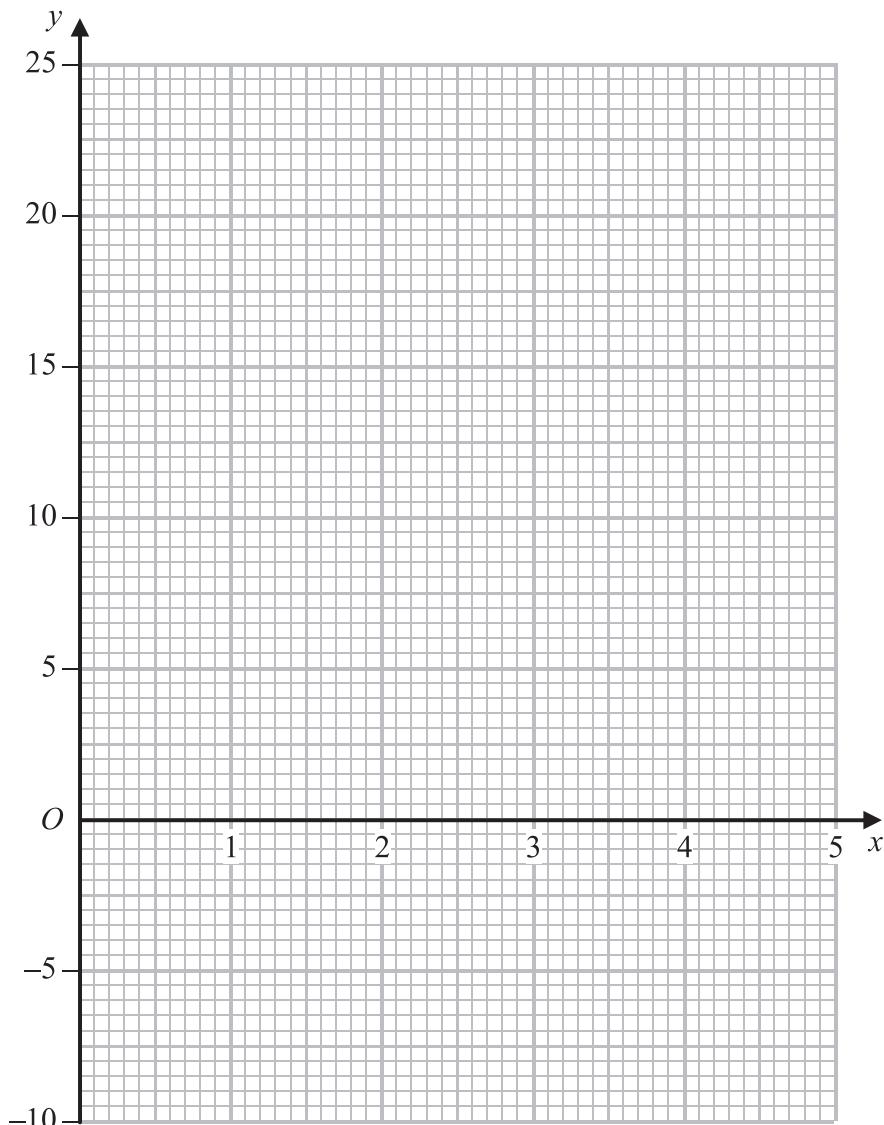


- (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^2 - \frac{3}{x}$

x	0.5	1	1.5	2	3	4	5
y	-5.75	-2					24.4

(2)

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x^2 - \frac{3}{x}$ for $0.5 \leq x \leq 5$



(2)

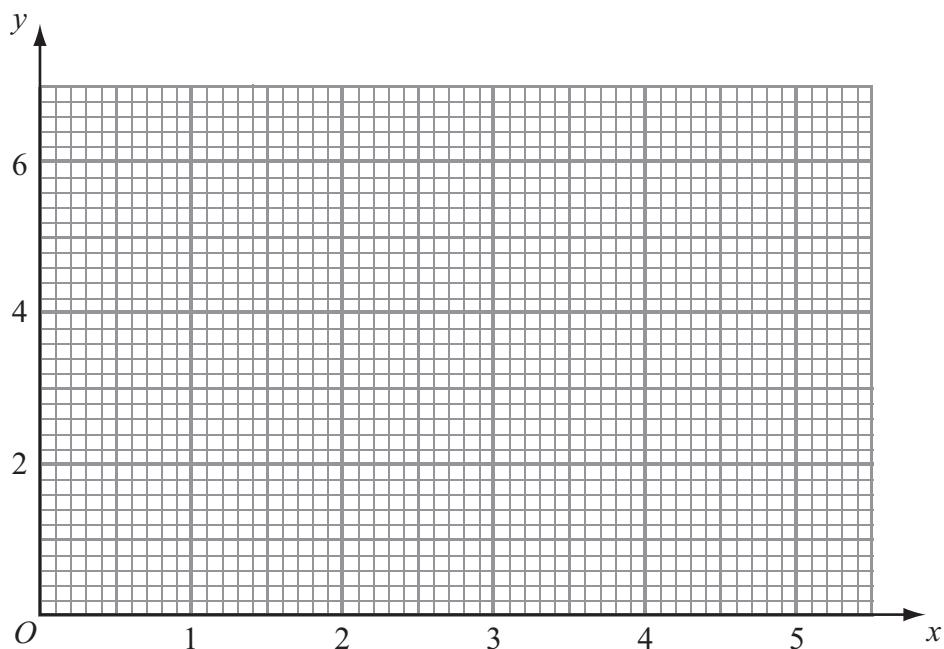


- (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x + \frac{1}{x^2}$

x	0.5	1	1.5	2	3	4	5
y		2		2.3			5.0

(2)

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x + \frac{1}{x^2}$ for $0.5 \leq x \leq 5$



(2)

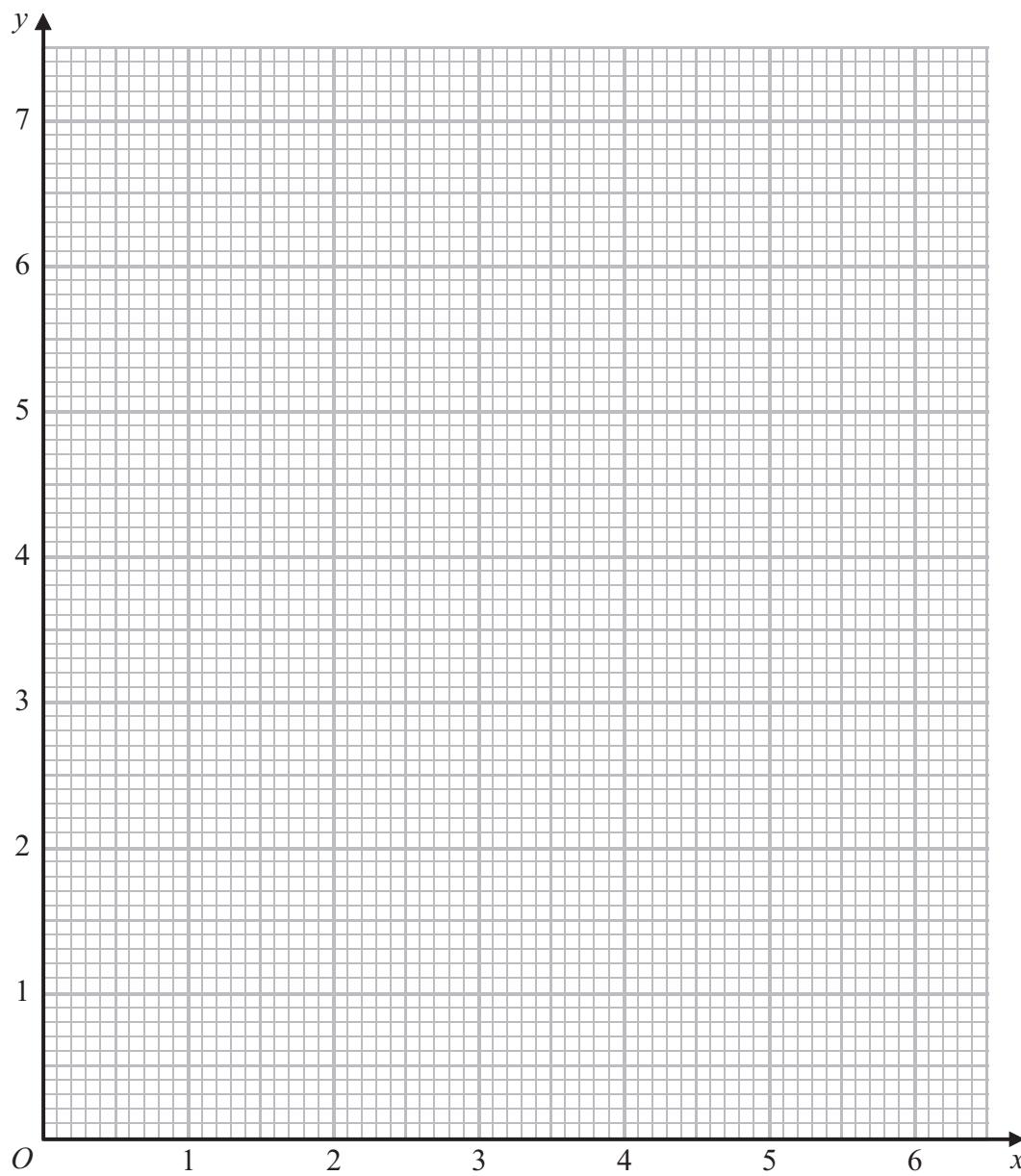


- (a) Complete the table of values for $y = \frac{1}{2} \left(x + \frac{9}{x} \right)$

x	1	1.5	2	3	4	5	6
y	5		3.25		3.125	3.4	

(2)

- (b) Draw the graph of $y = \frac{1}{2} \left(x + \frac{9}{x} \right)$ for values of x from 1 to 6



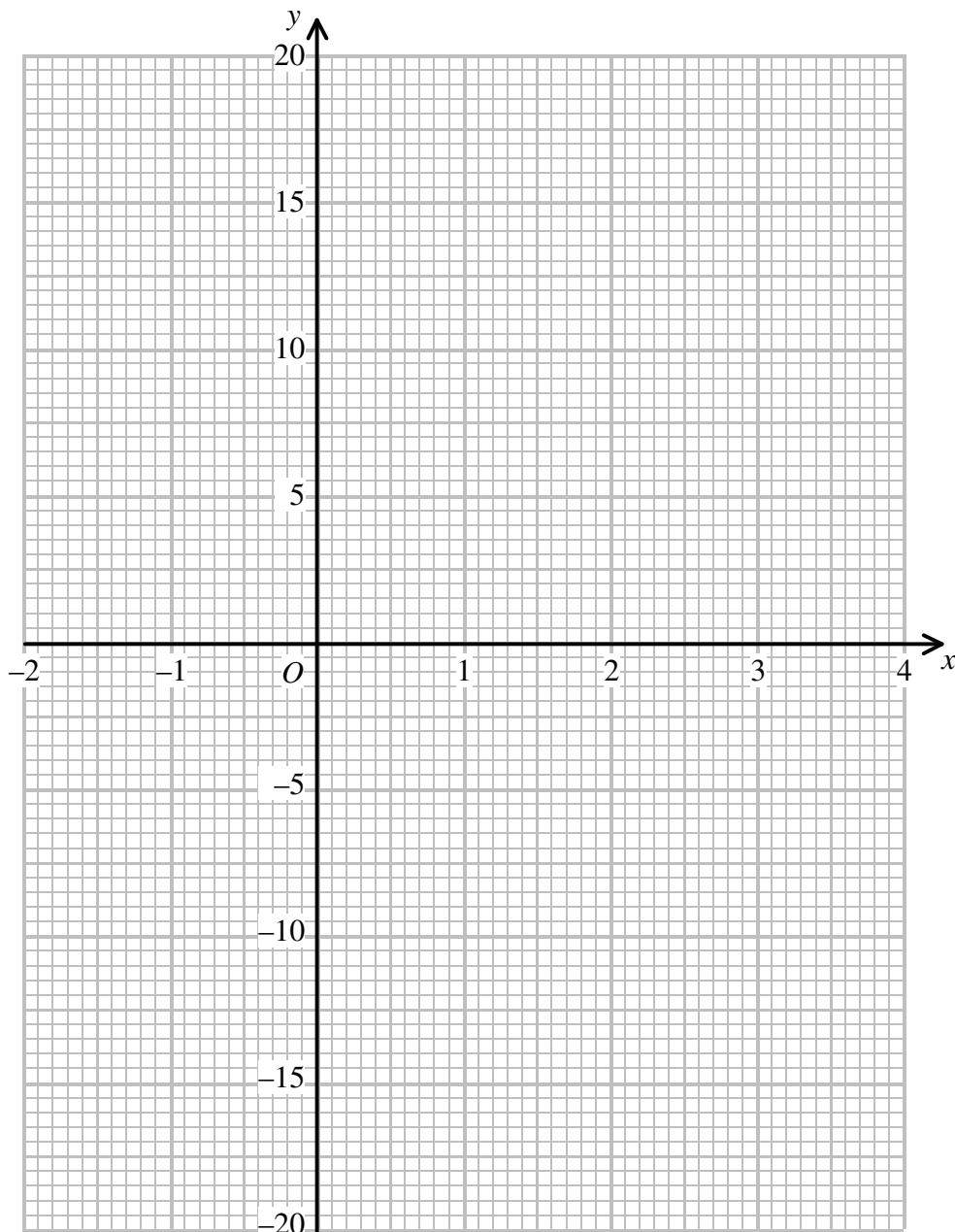
(2)

(a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2$

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
y		-2					

(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2$



(2)

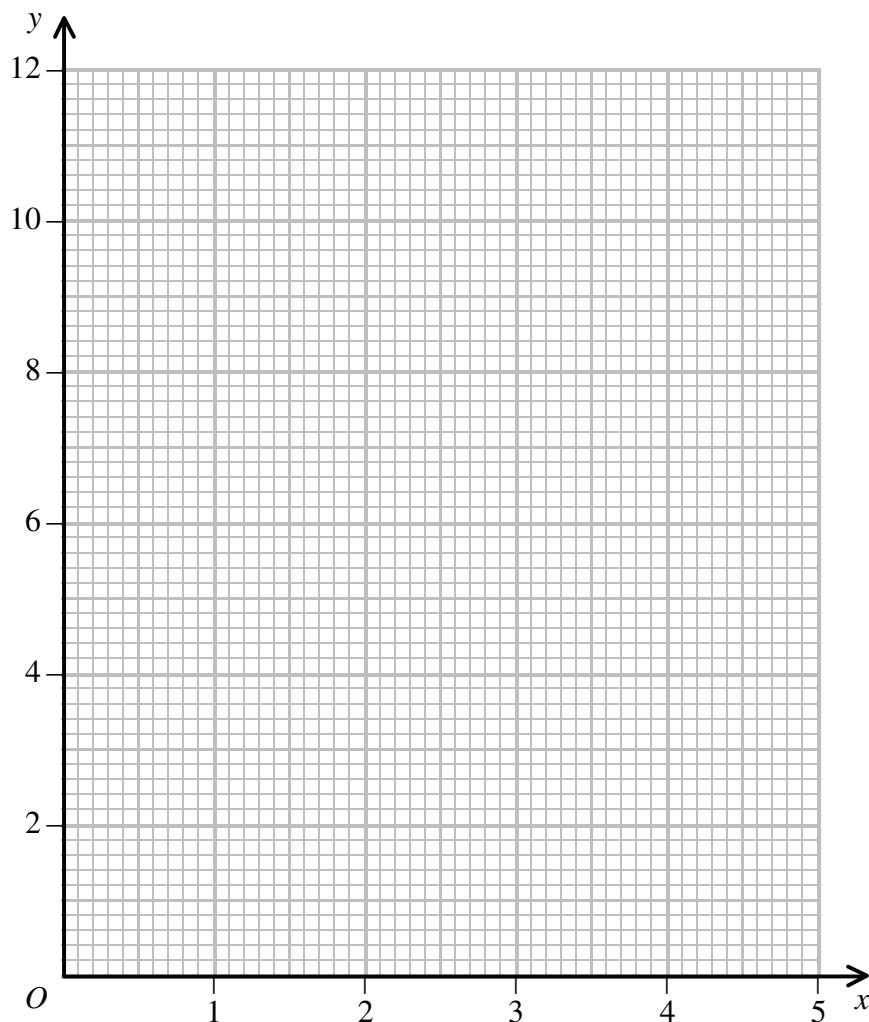


- (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x + \frac{2}{x}$

x	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	1	1.5	2	3	4	5
y	10.2		3.9		3	2.8		3.7		5.2

(2)

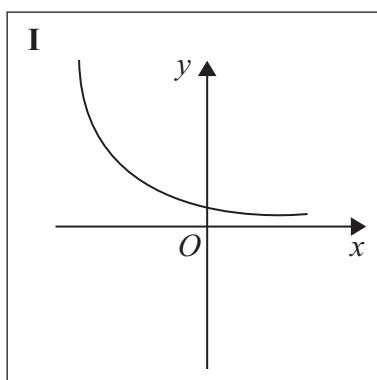
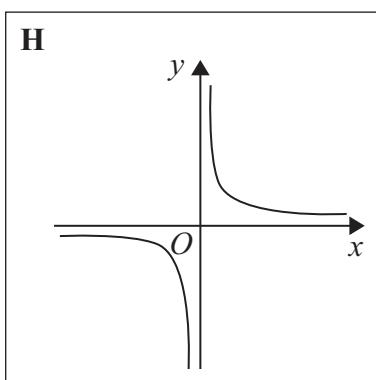
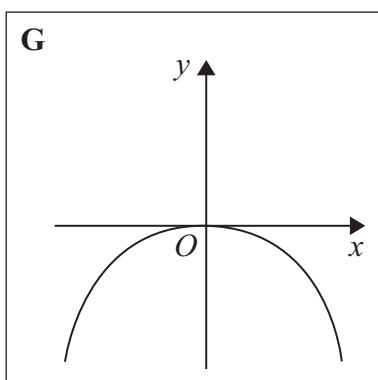
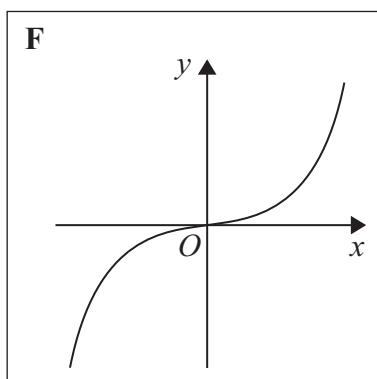
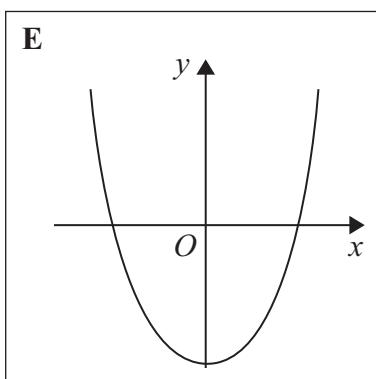
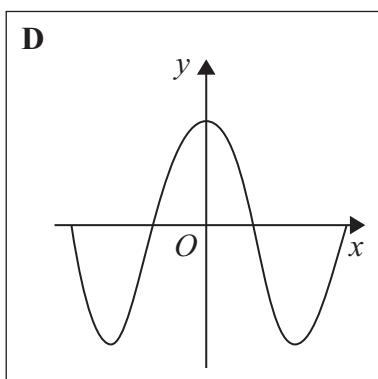
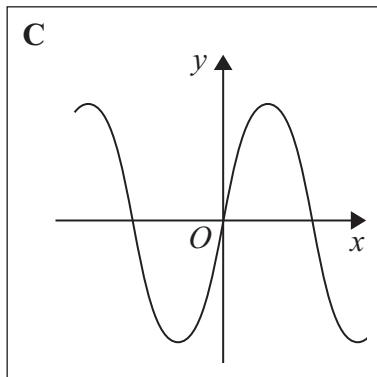
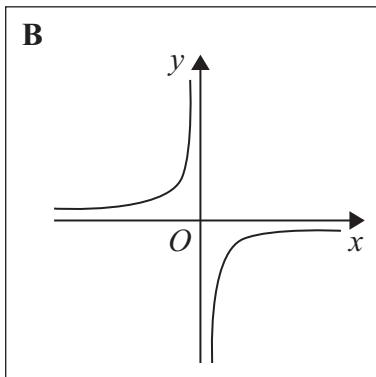
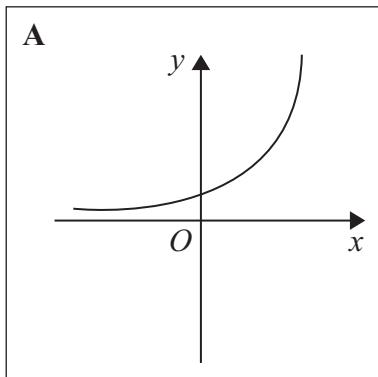
- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x + \frac{2}{x}$ for $0.2 \leq x \leq 5$



(2)



Here are some graphs.



In the table below, match each equation with the letter of its graph.

Equation	Graph
$y = \sin x$	
$y = x^3 + 4x$	
$y = 2^x$	
$y = \frac{4}{x}$	

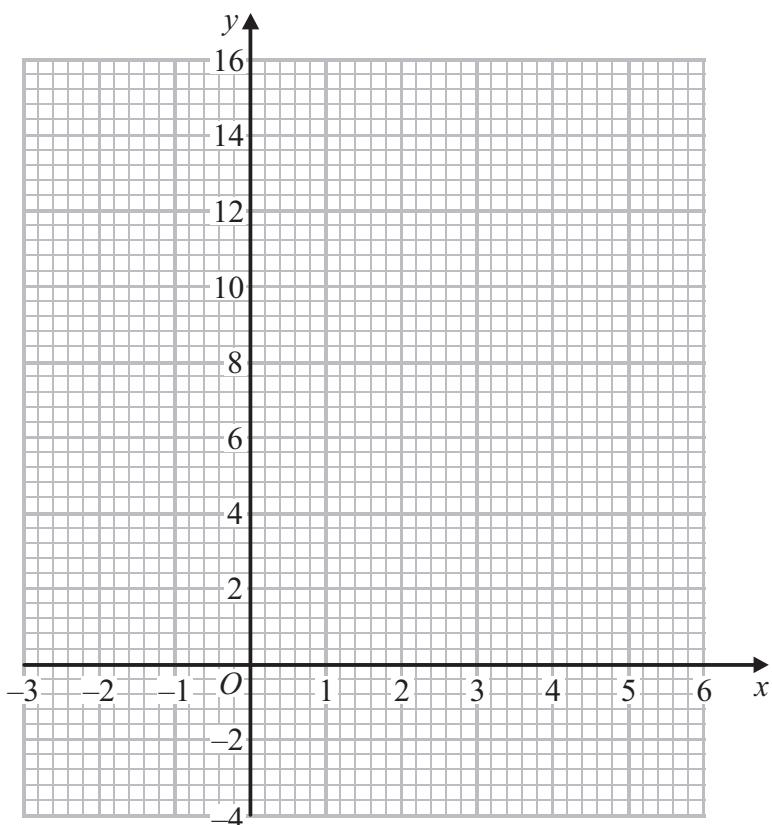


- (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^2 - 4x + 2$

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	14		2			-1	2	

(2)

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x^2 - 4x + 2$ for values of x from -2 to 5



(2)

The point $P(k, 4)$ where $k > 0$ lies on the graph of $y = x^2 - 4x + 2$

- (c) Use your graph to find an estimate for the value of k .

(1)

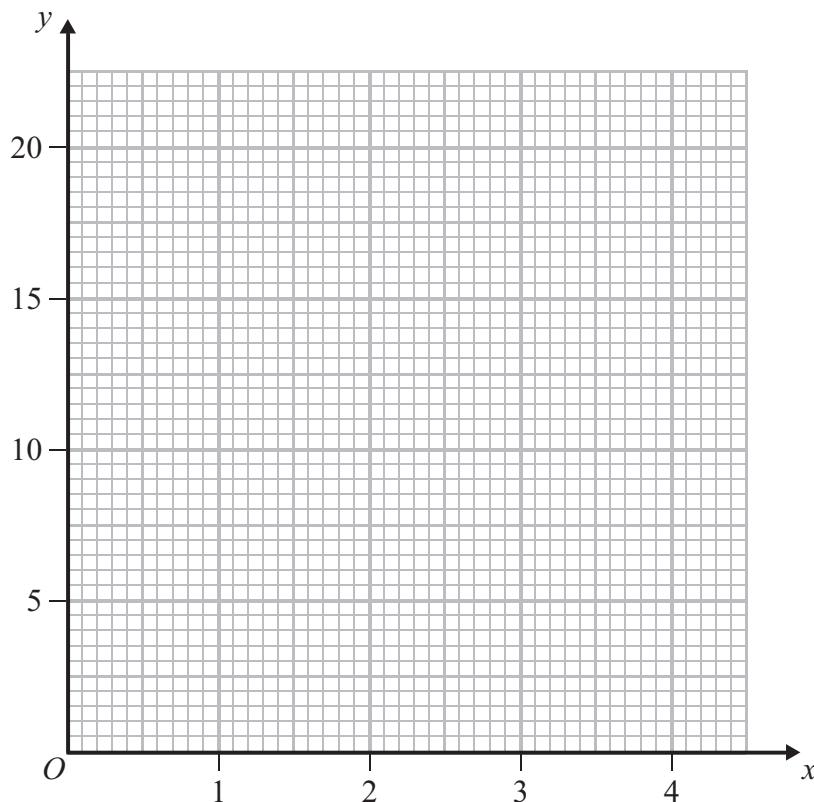


- (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^2 + \frac{2}{x}$

x	0.1	0.2	0.5	1	1.5	2	3	4
y	20.01	10.04		3	3.58	5	9.67	

(1)

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x^2 + \frac{2}{x}$ for $0.1 \leq x \leq 4$



(2)

- (c) Use your graph to find estimates for the solutions of $x^2 + \frac{2}{x} = 14$ in the interval $0.1 \leq x \leq 4$

Give your estimates correct to 1 decimal place.

