

International GCSE Maths						
Apart from Q2, 17, 18d, 20, & 24 (where the mark scheme states otherwise) the correct answer, unless obtained from an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method						
Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes	
1	(a)		$x > -3$	1	B1	Accept $-3 < x$
	(b)	$4y - y \leq 8 + 13$		2	M1	Arranging y's on one side and the numbers on the other side. (allow $4y - y = 8 + 13$ oe or $4y - y < 8 + 13$ oe or $4y - y > 8 + 13$ oe or $4y - y \geq 8 + 13$ oe)
			$y \leq 7$ oe		A1	Allow $y \leq 21/3$
		Total 3 marks				

2		$\frac{17}{3}(-)\frac{11}{4}$ or $5\frac{8}{12}(-)2\frac{9}{12}$ $\frac{68}{12} - \frac{33}{12}$ or $4\frac{20}{12} - 2\frac{9}{12}$ $\frac{35}{12} = 2\frac{11}{12}$ Alt: $3(+)(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{3}{4})$ $3(+)(\frac{8}{12} - \frac{9}{12})$ $3 - \frac{1}{12} = 2\frac{11}{12}$ Alt: $4\frac{5}{3}(-)2\frac{3}{4}$ $2(+)(\frac{5}{3} - \frac{3}{4})$ $2(+)(\frac{20}{12} - \frac{9}{12})$ $= 2\frac{11}{12}$		3	M1	Sight of $\frac{17}{3}$ and $\frac{11}{4}$ or $5\frac{8}{12}$ and $2\frac{9}{12}$
					M1	or $\frac{68n}{12n} - \frac{33n}{12n}$
					A1	Dep on M2
					M1	
					A1	Dep on M2
					M1	
					M1	
					A1	Dep on M2
		Total 3 marks				

Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes	
12		$\sin 32 = \frac{BD}{3.1}$ oe $(BD =) 3.1 \times \sin 32 (= 1.6427...)$ $\cos 42 = \frac{3.1 \sin 32}{AB}$ oe or $\frac{AB}{\sin 90} = \frac{3.1 \sin 32}{\sin 48}$ oe $AB = \frac{3.1 \sin 32}{\cos 42}$ or $AB = \frac{3.1 \sin 32}{\sin 48}$		5	M1	A correct calculation involving BD
					M1	Accept 1.6 or better
					M1	Dep or $(AD =) "1.6.. \times \tan 42 \{= 1.479\}$
					M1	Or $(AB =) \sqrt{1.479^2 + 1.6427^2}$
			2.21		A1	2.21053... (Accept 2.2 \rightarrow 2.22)
						Total 5 marks

13	(a)	Plotting points from table at ends of interval (40, 6), (50, 20), (60, 56), (70, 84), (80, 95), (90, 100) Points joined with curve or line segments	Correct cf diagram	2	M1	$\pm 1/2$ sq (at least 5 points plotted correctly) Or all points plotted consistently within each interval at the correct heights Accept cf graph which is not joined to (30,0)
	(b)	Use of graph at 50	58 – 59	2	M1 A1	Use of graph at 50 walkers No working shown and answer is within 58 – 59 award M1A1
	(c)	86 or 87 or 88 indicated on graph or stated 100 – “86” or 100 – “87” or 100 – “88”	$\frac{12}{100}$ oe $\frac{13}{100}$ oe $\frac{14}{100}$	3	M1 M1 A1	Use of their graph at 72 minutes Dep e.g. 12, 13 or 14 walkers 0.12 \rightarrow 0.14 inc, oe
						Total 7 marks

14	(a)	x^9y^6	x^9y^6	2	B1B1	Allow B1 if $(x^3y^2)^3$ or $(x^{36}y^{24})^{0.25}$ seen on answer line
	(b)	$3^n = \frac{3^x}{3^{2y}}$	$n = x - 2y$	2	M1 A1	for a correct first step e.g. 3^{2y} or 3^{-2y}
						Total 4 marks

Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes	
15		$ABD = 98^\circ \div 2 (= 49^\circ)$ or $ABC = 90^\circ$ <u>Angle at centre / middle is twice angle at circumference</u> <u>Angle in a semicircle / from a diameter is 90° / right angle</u> $DBC = (90 - 49) = 41$	41°	4	M1 B1 B1 A1	Correct angle stated or seen on diagram Dep M1 Dep M1 Correct answer + no reasons = M1A1
		Alt: $180 - 98 (= 82^\circ)$ $OAD = 82 \div 2 (= 41^\circ)$ Base / bottom angles in an <u>isosceles triangle</u> are equal $DBC = 41^\circ$ <u>Angles in the same segment / from the same chord (DC) are equal</u>	41°		M1 B1 B1 A1	Correct angle stated or seen on diagram Dep M1 Dep M1 Correct answer + no reasons = M1A1
		$DOC = 180 - 98 (= 82^\circ)$ <u>Angles on a straight line = 180°</u> $DBC = 41^\circ$ <u>Angle at centre / middle is twice angle at circumference</u>	41°		M1 B1 B1 A1	Correct angle stated or seen on diagram Dep M1 Dep M1 Correct answer + no reasons = M1A1
						Total 4 marks

16	(a)	$y = \frac{k}{x^2}$ condone proportion symbol in place of = $16 = \frac{k}{1.5^2}$ or $9 = \frac{k}{2^2}$ or $4 = \frac{k}{3^2}$ or $2.25 = \frac{k}{4^2}$		3	M1	Setting up a correct equation “k” ≠ 1
					M1	Using the values from the table to find the value of the constant or “k” = 36
				$y = \frac{36}{x^2}$		A1
	(b)	$x^2 = \frac{36}{144}$ or $x = \sqrt{(\frac{36}{144})}$			M1	Substituting y = 144 into the correct equation and making x² or x the subject.
			0.5 oe	2	A1	cao
						Total 5 marks

Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes	
17		(Term $n = \frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$ or (Term $n + 1 = \frac{1}{2}(n+1)(n+2)$ $\frac{1}{2}n(n+1) + \frac{1}{2}(n+1)(n+2)$ $\frac{1}{2}(n+1)(n+n+2) = \frac{1}{2}(n+1)(2n+2)$ or $\frac{1}{2}n^2 + \frac{1}{2}n + \frac{1}{2}n^2 + \frac{1}{2}n + n + 1 \rightarrow \underline{n^2 + 2n + 1}$	$(n+1)^2$ shown	4	M1 M1 M1 A1	Algebraic representation of one of the two consecutive terms in sequence Adding two consecutive terms Factorisation or multiplying out correctly <u>to get to $\underline{n^2 + 2n + 1}$</u> Dep on M3
						Total 4 marks

18	(a)		$\frac{3}{4}$ oe	1	B1	
	(b)	$\frac{x-5}{4(x-5)-3}$	$\frac{x-5}{4x-23}$	2	M1 A1	cao
	(c)	$y = \frac{x}{4x-3}$ or $x = \frac{y}{4y-3}$ $y(4x - 3) = x$ or $x(4y - 3) = y$ $4xy - 3y = x$ or $4xy - 3x = y$ $4xy - x = 3y$ or $4xy - y = 3x$ $x(4y - 1) = 3y$ or $y(4x - 1) = 3x$	$\frac{3x}{4x-1}$ oe	3	M1 M1 A1	Moving the denominator to the other side of the equation Factorising the variable on one side in a correct expression
	(d)	Tangent drawn at $x = -0.5$ (G =) $18 \div 3$ oe	$5 \rightarrow 7$	3	M1 M1 A1	Drawing a tangent at $x = -0.5$ Correct method to work out the gradient of the tangent at $x = -0.5$ or $x = +0.5$ Dep on 1 st M1 SC B1 B1 for drawing a tangent at $x = +0.5$ and gradient = $-3 \rightarrow -4$
						Total 9 marks

Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes	
19		$\frac{25}{2}\pi = \pi r^2 \times \frac{80}{360}$ $r = 7.5$		6	M1	Equation of sector equal to $\frac{25\pi}{2}$ or a calculation that leads to r or r^2
		$(APB \Rightarrow) 2 \times \pi \times "7.5" \times \frac{80}{360} (= 10.471)....$ $(APB \Rightarrow) 10.471.... (= 10\pi/3)$			A1	
		$(AB^2) = "7.5"'^2 + "7.5"'^2 - (2 \times "7.5" \times "7.5" \times \cos 80)$ or $\frac{AB}{\sin 80} = \frac{7.5}{\sin 50}$ or $(AB \Rightarrow) 2 \times "7.5" \times \sin 40$ $(AB \Rightarrow) 9.6418$ "9.6418" + "10.4719"			M1ft	Dep on 1 st M1 Correct equation to find AB (= 9.6) or AB^2 (= 93 or better) must use a clearly identified radius value
			20.1		M1ft A1	Dep on 2 nd and 3 rd method marks awrt 20.1
						Total 6 marks

20		3.455 or 3.465 or 6.25 or 6.35		3	M1	Accept $3.464\dot{9}$ for 3.465 or $6.34\dot{9}$ for 6.35
		$\frac{6 \times 3.465}{6.25 - 3.465}$			M1	$\frac{6 \times UB_a}{LB_b - UB_a}$ where $3.46 < UB_a \leq 3.465$ and $6.25 \leq LB_b < 6.3$
			7.46		A1	Dep M2 Accept 7.46499 ...
						Total 3 marks

21		$(LSF \Rightarrow) \sqrt{240 \div 540}$ or $\frac{2}{3}$ or $\frac{3}{2}$ or 1.5 or 3 : 2 or 2 : 3 $(\frac{2}{3})^3 \times 2025$ or accept 0.066 or better for 2/3		3	M1	Full method leading to correct answer
			600		M1 A1	
						Total 3 marks

Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
24	$\frac{x-4}{x} \times \frac{x-5}{x-1} = 0.7$ $3x^2 - 83x + 200 (= 0)$ oe $\frac{83 \pm \sqrt{83^2 - (4 \times 3 \times 200)}}{2 \times 3}$ or $(3x - 8)(x - 25) (= 0)$ or $(x - 83/6)^2 + 200/3 - 83^2/36 (= 0)$ Alt: y = yellow marbles $\frac{y}{y+4} \times \frac{y-1}{y+3} = 0.7$	25	5	M2 If not M2 then M1 for either $\frac{x-4}{x}$ or $\frac{x-5}{x-1}$ A1 Rearrangement of their quadratic to the form $ax^2 + bx + c (= 0)$ M1 1 st step in solving the correct 3 term quadratic A1 Accept 25 only (dep on M3 if using algebra) If not M2 then M1 for either $\frac{y}{y+4}$ or $\frac{y-1}{y+3}$
	$3y^2 - 59y - 84 (= 0)$ oe $\frac{59 \pm \sqrt{59^2 - (4 \times 3 \times -84)}}{2 \times 3}$ or $(3y + 4)(y - 21)$ or $(y - 59/6)^2 - 84/3 - 59^2/36 (= 0)$ $y = 21$ 21+4			M2 Rearrangement of their quadratic to the form $ay^2 + by + c (= 0)$ A1 1 st step in solving the correct 3 term quadratic M1 Accept 25 only (dep on M3 if using algebra) Give full marks if $\frac{21}{25} \times \frac{20}{24} = 0.7$ seen and 1 st M2 scored A1 NB: SC B1 for completing 1st step in solving incorrect 3 term quadratic
				Total 5 marks

					Total for Paper: 100 marks
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