

Solomon Practice Paper

Pure Mathematics 2C

Time allowed: 90 minutes

Centre: www.CasperYC.club

Name:

Teacher:

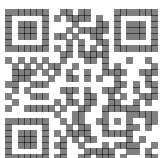
Question	Points	Score
1	6	
2	6	
3	6	
4	8	
5	10	
6	12	
7	13	
8	14	
Total:	75	

How I can achieve better:

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Last updated: *May 5, 2023*



1. (a) Solve the equation [3]

$$\ln(2x + 1) = 3$$

giving your answer in terms of e .

- (b) Given that [3]

$$2^x = 5^y,$$

show that $y = kx$ where k is a constant that you should find correct to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Total: 6

2. (a) Use the identity [2]

$$\sin(A + B) \equiv \sin(A) \cos(B) + \cos(A) \sin(B)$$

to prove that

$$\sin(2A) \equiv 2 \sin(A) \cos(A).$$

- (b) Hence, or otherwise, use the fact that [4]

$$\sin(15^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$$

to find the value of $\cos(15^\circ)$ in exact form with a rational denominator.

Total: 6

3. Express [6]

$$\frac{5x^2 - 11x + 9}{x^2 + 3x - 10} + \frac{3 - 2x}{x - 2}$$

as a single fraction in its simplest form.

4. The coefficient of x^2 in the expansion of $(1 + 3x)^n$ is 252.

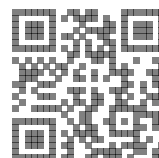
Given that n is a positive integer,

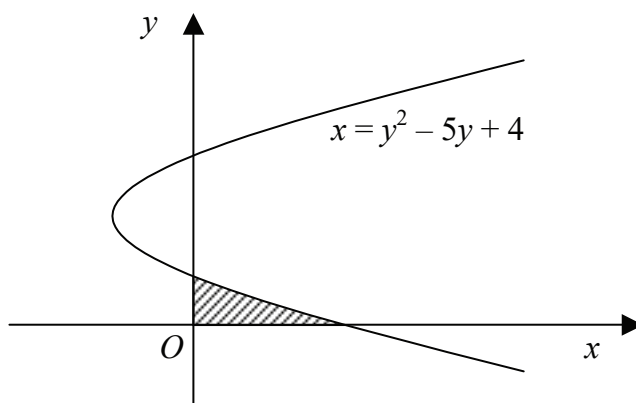
- (a) find the value of n , [5]

- (b) show that the coefficient of x^3 is 1512. [3]

Total: 8

5. Figure shows the curve $x = y^2 - 5y + 4$.





- (a) Express x^2 in descending powers of y . [3]
- (b) Find $\int x^2 dy$. [3]
- (c) Show that the volume generated when the shaded region, bounded by the curve and the positive coordinate axes, is rotated through 2π radians about the y -axis is $\frac{47\pi}{10}$. [4]

Total: 10

6. The functions f and g are defined by

$$f: x \mapsto x^2 - 2, \quad x \in \mathbb{R},$$

$$g: x \mapsto e^{\frac{3}{2}x} \quad x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

- (a) State the range of g . [1]
- (b) Define fg as simply as possible. [3]
- (c) Find, correct to 2 decimal places, the value of x for which $fg(x) = 5$. [3]
- (d) Show that the only value of x for which $g(x) = fg(x)$ is $\frac{2}{3} \ln(2)$. [5]

Total: 12

7. (a) Prove that [6]

$$\cot^2(x) - \tan^2(x) \equiv 4 \cot(2x) \csc(2x).$$

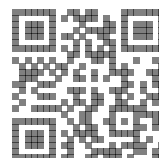
- (b) Hence, find in terms of π the values of x in the interval $0 \leq x \leq \pi$ for which [7]

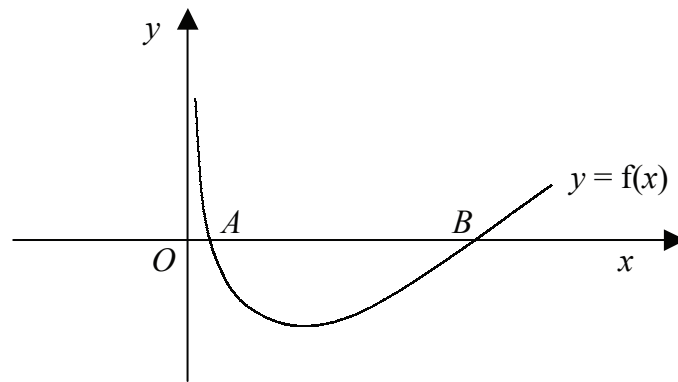
$$\cot^2(x) - \tan^2(x) = 8 \cot(2x).$$

Total: 13

8. Figure shows part of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$, where

$$f(x) \equiv x - 3 \ln(2x), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, \quad x > 0.$$





The curve crosses the x -axis at the points A and B .

(a) Show that the x -coordinate of the point A lies in the interval $(0.6, 0.7)$. [2]

(b) Find the value of N such that the x -coordinate of the point B lies in the interval $(N, N + 1)$. [4]

The line $y = x$ meets the curve at the point C .

(c) Find the coordinates of the point C . [3]

(d) Show that the equation of the tangent to the curve at C is $y = 3 - 5x$. [5]

Total: 14

